



## REMARKABLE STORY OF COAL COMBINATION.

Sent From Beaver Dam and Published Without  
Investigation as to Facts.

### SINGULAR IGNORANCE OF FACTS IN THE STORY.

Asserted that Mr. J. B. Atkinson Owns  
Fourteen Mines and Will Com-  
bine Others.

#### THERE IS NOTHING IN IT.

A remarkable stupid report was sent out from Beaver Dam, Ky., last Friday, which found space for publication without comment or investigation in the Louisville Evening Post, an Owensboro paper and the Madisonville Hustler. This report touches nearly all the coal operators of Western Kentucky and asserts that a big combination will be effected with Mr. J. B. Atkinson.

Here is the Beaver Dam telegram:

Beaver Dam, Ky., Oct. 31.—There is a move on foot to consolidate all the coal mines in Western Kentucky, and it is said, on what seems good authority, too, that the deal will be consummated within the next two or three weeks. Mr. J. B. Atkinson, of Earlinton, who owns fourteen mines in Hopkins and Webster counties, is managing the deal for an Eastern syndicate. If the deal goes through it will include, besides all the mines in Hopkins and Webster counties, the collieries at the following places: Taylor, Williams, Henry, Bender, Brooks, Central City, Beaver, Drake, Oak, Mud River, Powderly, Hillsdale, Oakland, Lucerne and St. Charles. Mr. Atkinson is the only operator in the entire Western Kentucky district who does not employ union labor.

There are about 1,000 union miners in this county (Ohio) and they are all very much interested in the deal. They think that if it goes through Mr. Atkinson will have control and will try to substitute nonunion labor.

The facts of the matter, as telegraphed to the daily press by the Earlinton correspondent, are stated in the appended dispatch. This correction was printed in the Louisville papers Saturday, the day following the publication of the Beaver Dam grapevine story. People who have read all of the widely published facts concerning this coal field, recognized the singular lack of truth in some of the statements in the above dispatch. To those yet unenlightened the following dispatch will convey some interesting information:

Earlinton, Ky., Nov. 1.—It is emphatically denied at the office of the St. Bernard Mining Company this morning that Mr. John B. Atkinson, President of that company, has anything to do with any deal of the combination of coal mines in the Western Kentucky coal field, as was reported from Beaver Dam yesterday. Mr. Atkinson was called last night on account of the death of a relative and could not be seen. Other statements in the report referred to are also incorrect. Mr. Atkinson does not own fourteen mines in Hopkins and Webster counties, as stated, but his company does own and operate seven mines in Hopkins and owns certain lands in Webster county, which have not been developed.

There are other important errors of statement in the dispatch referred to, which interest the people of this section. One of these is that Mr. Atkinson is the only operator in the entire Western Kentucky district who does not employ union labor. Outside of the St. Bernard Mining Company, there are six other operators in Hopkins and four operators in Webster and Christian counties, none of whom employ union labor.

It is positively stated that Mr. Atkinson is not now and has at no time been interested or taken part

#### THE MAN AHEAD.

BLUE G. BARR.

There's the man behind the counter  
And the man behind the gun,  
The man behind the buzz-saw  
And the man behind the sun.  
There's the man behind the times,  
The man behind with rent,  
The man who spends his money  
And never has a cent.  
There's the man behind the kodak  
And the man behind the gears,  
The man behind on pay day  
And the man behind the bars.

But there is another man  
Of whom nothing much is said;  
He is the fellow who is even,  
Or a little bit ahead.

He always pays for what he gets,  
His bills are always signed,  
He's a darn sight more important  
Than the man who is behind.

All the editors and merchants  
And the whole commercial clan  
Are indebted for existence  
To this noble, honest man.

He keeps them all in business  
And his town is never dead,  
And so we take our hat off  
To the man who is ahead.

#### DAWSON WINS

By a Majority of 7.—Score of the Dawson  
and Earlinton Gun Clubs.

Earlinton.	Dawson.
Barter.....29	Lutz.....31
Renfrow.....35	Perry.....33
Keown.....26	Wallace.....33
Long.....26	Dempsey.....26
Arnold.....28	Barnett.....29
Griffin.....18	Clark.....23
Goodloe.....17	Fox.....27
Oldham.....21	Lindsey.....29
Smith.....17	Steward.....11
Total.....217	Total.....224
South and Steward shot only 30 shots.	The others shot 70.

#### An Education at a Nominal Cost.

(Catalogues and Journal Free.)  
The Southern Normal School and Bowling Green Business College, of Bowling Green, Kentucky, are two of the greatest schools of their kind in the South. During the year just closed, more than 1,000 different boarding students matriculated, more than three hundred of these being in the Business College alone. The institution is magnificently equipped and the work is thoroughly organized. Specialists are in charge of the various departments and the instruction is high-class and thorough. The Normal School operates the schools of Law, Music, Education and Oratory, Pedagogy and the Preparatory. County Certificate, State Certificate, Junior Scientific, Senior Scientific and Classical Courses. The Business College embraces the departments of Penmanship, Stenography and Typewriting, Telegraphy and Civil Service, and in addition the regular courses in Book-keeping. Expenses are very reasonable. The Business College does the finest work of any in the South in getting lucrative positions for its graduates. Those interested are cordially invited to send for catalogue and circulars. Address

H. H. CHERRY,  
Bowling Green, Ky.

There was a large house at the Auditorium last night, where Harry Ward's minstrels sang and danced their way into the good graces of the audience. There was plenty of applause, and the performance deserved it. It was a creditable affair, both sentimentally and vocally. The opening act was more elaborate than any that has been seen at the big house this season, and would have done credit to any troupe. Several of the specialties introduced were received with vociferous applause which made it a difficult matter for the performers to get off the stage. Harry Ward himself was one of the hits, and the dancing specialty of Iners and Neff was a good example of buck and wing dancing. There were also some good voices in the organization, and the singing of the Harmonie Four pleased the large audience immensely. Manager Stainback has been very fortunate this season with the engagements at his house, and last night was no exception.—Memphis Appeal-Avalanche.

There was quite an excitement created near the depot Tuesday, a mule attached to a wagon fell down. Every one thought it was a fight, hence the excitement.

## DOWN IN THE MINES.

Judging from newspaper reports coke ovens will soon be constructed at Sturgis, Ky. These reports say that a coal especially adapted to the production of coke has been discovered there, but the probability is that it is of the same quality as we have here. The great demand of late for coke is, no doubt, mostly caused by the anthracite coal strike opening up a market for this fuel to take the place of hard coal.

W. G. Wright, bookkeeper for the Crabtree Coal Co., was over here last Sunday on a visit to family and friends. The new house, being constructed for his use at Isley, will be completed in about two weeks, where he will move his family there.

If Madisonville strikes a flow of gas while sinking a well, why could not a good paying well be found here?

The parties who secured the option on coal right at Robards here, we understand, lost out by lapse of time limit on options.

Geo. C. Atkinson, James R. Rash, Paul M. Moore and H. C. Bourland, of the St. Bernard Mining Co., will take part in the conference of the Shrine degree upon several candidates next Saturday at Madisonville.

Mr. John Nolan, agent for the St. Bernard Mining Co. and R. R. Co., combined, at Barnesville, is in very feeble health and it is thought will be compelled to go south for a few months. A bronchial trouble seems to be the affliction from which he has been a great sufferer for months past.

The widow of the late Barton Crutchfield, superintendent of the St. Charles mine, will, we understand, soon purchase property and move to Earlinton.

A false rumor about last week to the effect that the Western Kentucky coal mines would enter a combine, of which the St. Bernard Mining Co. was the leading factor, was quickly contradicted by the local correspondent of leading daily papers.

The first of the month resembled somewhat of a holiday at this place, as hundreds of miners were seen in and around the stores, ordering and having goods delivered to their homes. This monthly performance is a pleasant sight to witness. All are apparently happy and able to secure the desirable things of life, if they show a willingness to work.

Generally speaking the public, on the outside of those directly engaged in the coal mining business, are possessed of the idea that immense fortunes are made by coal operators and owners of coal producing properties, and when told the contrary they are slow to believe. It is nevertheless a fact that there is little profit in the coal business, if we can believe the statement of such worthy men as Mr. Fred Powell, of Seebree, who has been actively engaged in the coal business at that place for several years past, and who, for the reason that he could not profitably run the mine at that place, sold his interests in the Seebree coal mine to Mr. Ramsey, of that place, who will continue its operation. Mr. Powell says he could make no money, in fact not enough to pay interests on investments, and, desiring to get rid of the worry for nothing, he sold out, with the exception of the mineral rights on about 1,700 acres, which he will hold for higher prices.

A local cart driver, hauling coal about the city, became so incensed at a mule that he knocked it down with a whip. He was called to account in the police court and fined.

The little "Sudie" engine, placed at the South Diamond mine, was operated some last week. We are told that Mr. Colly Brown will be the engineer in charge as soon as regular work is begun.

Engineer Joe Brown, of the No. 11 engine, came near meeting with a serious accident last week. A portion of the roof over the track fell and the engine running into same was badly damaged. Joe escaped with some flesh wounds.

So interested were our miners here in the production of coal that they almost forgot that Tuesday, Nov. 4th was election day.

Foreman Longstaff was called to the Hecla mine one day last week to look after some contemplated changes in shaft. Tom has gained quite a reputation as an expert on shaft sinking and repairs.

Assistant Mechanical Engineer N. W. Umstead had some serious trouble with one of his eyes last week, caused by a small piece of metal getting into it.

Many persons who use hard coal have but little idea of the narrow limits within which the rich deposits are found. They are all in Pennsylvania, and if the whole of the three big fields were brought together in one compact body it would be no larger than a county twenty-four miles long and twenty-two miles wide.

But when the wonderfully productive seams and strata down deep in the bowels of the earth of this seemingly small county are considered the area in square miles has little or no significance. The best idea of its capacity to produce coal may be formed when it is stated that the anthracite production reaches all the way from 50,000,000 to 60,000,000 tons a year.

There are three principal fields, all in the northeastern corner of the state, the Wyoming, the Schuylkill and the Lehigh region, mentioned in order of their importance. In 1900 the output in round numbers was: Wyoming, 25,000,000 tons; Schuylkill, 13,500,000 tons; Lehigh, 7,000,000.

A recent volume showing the mineral resources of the United States for the calendar year 1901, United States Geological Survey, estimates the world's production of coal in 1901 at 806,165,540 short tons. The three great coal producing countries of the world are the United States, Great Britain and Germany. The output of these three countries combined makes up 81.61 per cent. of the world's total. Austria-Hungary comes fourth, France is fifth, Belgium sixth and Russia seventh. The last country, notwithstanding its vast area, produces only about 6 per cent. as much coal as the United States.

The L. & N. is now running chair cars on the Memphis line between Bowling Green and Memphis. These cars are a great improvement over the old style seats and one can rest as comfortably as if at home in the rocker. The L. & N. is all right. She keeps abreast of the times.

## LOCOMOTIVE BLASTS

Conductor Sam Morgan has gone to house keeping at his residence in the city.

There have been several changes among the brass pounders this week.

Operator Elliott has severed his connection with the company and will go in business in Illinois for himself.

Operator Grasty has returned from Mortons, where he has been on the sick list for several days.

Operator Sanders went to Cincinnati last week on account of the illness of his sister.

Operator Prather is now working days at this place during the absence of Operator Sanders.

Operator McKeown is now day copier since Mr. Elliott has resigned.

Operator Smith, of Slaughters, is now night copier in the dispatcher's office.

An amusing incident occurred at Mason, Tenn., on the Memphis line one day recently. Train 101 pulled into Mason and stopped. There was a fresh guy sitting at a window ogling the girls on the platform. As the train started to pull out he waved a kiss to a pretty girl near by and shouted: "Good-bye, darling, I will see you later." The train pulled down to the switch and backed in the siding for 104. While waiting for 104 to come, a lank six footer boarded the train and took the fresh guy by the collar and proceeded to mop up the floor with him, remarking as he left: "The next time you try to flirt with a pretty gal in a strange place, be sure that her husband ain't around."

Lee Cozort, the ex-railroad man, of Madisonville, was in the city Tuesday.

Conductor Simons is laying off sick. He hopes to be able to return to work in a few days.

Over 700 men are being employed at present by the Illinois Central shops at Paducah, which is the largest force they have worked since locating there several years ago. The shops have more work than they can dispose of in months.

Lebanon Junction of today is the product of the Louisville & Nashville railroad, which has done much toward the progress of the town and the comfort of its people. This road is now putting up works in the corporate limits that cost over \$100,000, giving work to seventy-five men and causing a great increase in business.—Cor. Courier-Journal.

Dispatcher Houston, who formerly worked at this place, is now working the third trick in Nashville for the N. & D.

Dispatcher Scott is on the sick list this week. Dispatcher Chas. Bauer, of Evansville, relieves him.

Railroad life and politics are about on a par. You never know when some fellow is going to turn you down.

The ladies' coach on the Cottonbelt Route between Memphis and Dallas, Tex., is a thing of beauty and a joy forever. It is fitted up in elegant style with revolving, reclining, cushioned chairs with footstools for each chair and small tables at intervals along the side of the coach for card playing or other purposes. The car is nicely carpeted throughout and is modern in every respect. One can travel from Memphis to Dallas without change in this coach and enjoy all the comforts of a Pullman palace car.



## SHORT LOCALS

G. T. McEuen's for a large line of shoes and men's and boy's work coats and jeans pants. Come quick for bargains.

We would like to remind the members of the M. E. Church South that the stewards are all working men and busy all the time and have no spare time to visit each member to collect dues. Members will confer a favor by bringing them to church or prayermeeting and thereby save a great deal of trouble to the stewards.

The usual crowd of congenial spirits met at Arboretum Sunday, and had a moderately good time. Some of the moving spirits were not there, however, and this fact seemed to cast a gloom over the remainder.

REGULATE THE LIVER

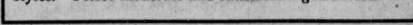
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent. Taste Good. I  
Good. Never Sickens. Weakens or Grips. 10c. 25c. 50c.

\*\*\* CURE CONSTIPATION. \*\*\*

Startling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 311

**NO-TO-BAC** Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

**Foley's Honey and Tar**  
heals lungs and stops the cough.



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## Watch

Next week's issue for announcement Louisville Bargain Store's Closing Out Sale. Rent has been raised and will be forced to close out and leave. See Bargain List in next week's paper.

## Louisville Bargain Store

L. JACOBSON, Prop'r,

Next Door to Morton's Bank,  
MADISONVILLE, KY.

## NEW MEAT MARKET.

To the Public:

I take pleasure in notifying friends that I have bought out Heppill's Shop and am now in the meat business at Heppill's old stand near J. M. Victory's store.

I will keep on hand at all times a supply of nice, fresh meats of all kinds, and solicit a share of your patronage.

Hoping to meet all the old customers of the shop and many new ones we remain

Yours respectfully,

J. W. IGLEHEART.

### DANGERS IN DUST.

Various Diseases of the Human Race Come Directly from the Flying Particles.

Few persons realize what a sanitary agent is the sprinklingcart in our cities, because few appreciate the dangers to health and life that lurk in dust, especially street dust, says Youth's Companion.

The injurious effects of street dust are of two kinds—those due to the mechanical injury of the gritty powder and those due to the action of the disease germs contained in it. When one realizes that the streets, even in well-cleaned cities, are a receptacle for all sorts of filth—decaying vegetable matter, such as cigar stumps, banana skins and apple parings, manure and expectorated matter—ground up into a fine powder with soot and particles of sand and cobblestones, one can readily understand that disease may be caused by the inhalation of clouds of such dust.

There is no doubt that many cases of consumption are directly due to the dust of city streets. The gritty particles irritate the mucous membrane of the nose and larynx and set up a catarrh which prepares the soil for the tubercle bacilli, present often in great numbers in the same dust. Other diseases also may be caused in the same way, and it is believed that cases of lockjaw, which sometimes occur without any previous wound, arise from the entrance of the germ of this disease into the bronchial tubes from the dust of the streets. The amount of dust in a city varies according to the care taken to clean the streets, but it varies especially with the kind of pavement, macadamized streets being in this respect the worst and the asphalted streets the best. But all city streets, no matter how paved or how well swept, need constant watering to keep the dust laid, and particularly is this the case where the automobile and the trolley-car have come with their rapid movement, which raises thick clouds of dust.

In some places in this country the experiment has been made of sprinkling the country roads with petroleum, and the results, so far as laying the dust is concerned, are good. The oil, however, soils the dresses of ladies, and is therefore objectionable. Better results have been obtained recently in France by the application of coal-tar, which makes a surface like asphalt, but not so impervious, capable of arresting the dust particles as they form and incorporating them in itself. In cities, however, this is impracticable, and the wateringcart is there the only safety.

### A VERY OLD SLANG PHRASE.

"Nothing Doing" Is an Ancient Expression That Is Found in the Classics.

Some of those who affect the picturesque in their language, littering their speech with what they suppose to be the latest slang phrases, exclaiming accepted and approved English for what they think is the latest up-to-date collocation of the purities, may be shocked to learn that one of the latest and most frequently used phrases is at least 50 years old, and possibly classic, writes the Brooklyn Eagle. This phrase is "nothing doing." Thomas De Quincey, in writing his paper on the "Knocking at the Gate in Macbeth," all of 50 years ago, framed this sentence: "All other matters (referring to Macbeth's) look pale by the deep crimson of his, and, as an amateur once said to me in a querulous tone: 'There has been absolutely nothing doing since his time, or nothing that's worth speaking of.'" Here the phrase is used in precisely the same form, and in the same meaning that it is by the professor of slang in this day.

Shakespeare uses it as "nothing done," but in the same sense, in "Measure for Measure," "King Lear" and "Othello." Enough is shown to prove that the latest slang is, after all, old and of good use. Hitching this wagon of a slang phrase to the stars, De Quincey and Shakespeare, it becomes classic.

It is a fair deduction to be drawn from the De Quincey quotation that the phrase "nothing doing" was slang in the day of his writing, and was used as such. It will be noted that the brilliant master of style did not use the phrase except as a quotation. From whom? An amateur murderer. This amateur laments that in the way of murders there has been "nothing doing" since that done by Macbeth worth speaking of. It is a fair conclusion that a man who tries his hand at murder purely as an amateur with an effort to attain that degree of skill which he has set up as a standard for himself is of that class and manner of men who use slang as a habit of speech. And it, therefore, may be deducted that De Quincey's amateur was using the current slang of his day.

**Drain of Big Armaments.**  
The financial and physical drain which impoverishing Italy and reducing Austria to industrial paralysis has only failed to have the same result in Germany because that nation was better able to sustain the tax upon its resources. Europe, free from the expense of maintaining millions of soldiers, and with its vast armies engaged in productive work, would be a more formidable rival to the American invaders than with all its belting guns and flashing bayonets. —Pittsburgh Dispatch.

**A Huge Coil of Wire.**  
The largest coil of wire rope ever made in Brooklyn was turned out by a rope company of that city recently. It measured 17,700 feet in length, or over three miles, without a break, and weighed 72,000 pounds. —Albany Argus.

## We are Still in the Lead, At Our Old Stand

With a complete line of all Merchant Tailoring consisting of all the Latest Scotch Novelties, Piece Woolens and all Coronnations. We can save you money on your Fall Suits, Trousers and Overcoats. Perfect Fit and Workmanship guaranteed.

**Small & Company,**  
Madisonville, Kentucky.

### MUNICIPAL LIGHTS DEFEATED.

Madisonville Refuses to Vote Bonds for City Light Plant—Councilmen Threaten to Darken City.

The hottest thing in election lines, Tuesday, was the fight over the electric light proposition at Madisonville. The election resulted in a defeat of the proposition to issue bonds to erect a municipal plant. A two-thirds vote was required but the vote fell short of that figure. There were only 45 more votes cast for the bond proposition than against it, after a lively agitation in favor of a city plant. The mayor and city councilmen have issued a statement hostile to Mr. I. Bailey, owner of the Bailey Light & Water Co., who now furnishes lights for the city, in which they say they will not renew the contract with Mr. Bailey for lights. So that unless some sort of an agreement or compromise should be effected there seems a possibility that Madisonville's streets will be darkened, after having been well lighted for some years.

### Advertised Letters.

Earlington, Ky., Nov. 5, 1902.

#### LADIES:

Mrs. L. Bailey  
Mrs. B. Austin  
Mrs. A. Whitfield  
Mrs. E. Parker  
Mrs. E. McCord  
Lizzie Jackson.

#### GENTLEMEN:

Jim Bailey  
George Dawson  
Clay Hines  
James Wallace  
Noah Shaw  
Willie Talla  
W. C. Brown  
George Parks  
Taylor Larker  
T. Jessup  
Clyde Gooch.

One cent due on all advertised letters. C. G. ROBINSON, P. M.

### Graduates Secure Positions.

The graduates of the Bowling Green Business College universally secure positions.

Write for information.  
Mention course wanted.  
Address: H. H. CHERRY,  
Bowling Green, Kentucky.

### Mortons Gap Election.

Mortons Gap had a city election Tuesday, when E. S. Blanks was elected police judge and Pat Blair, city marshal. Mr. Blair had no opposition. L. B. Southard was the opposing candidate for judge. The vote stood 72 for Blanks and 50 for Southard.

Ernest Rash wears a broad smile, now. He is 212 and weighs 45 pounds. Mother and child are both doing well.

**Lion Coffee**

It is common of pure coffee to the point. The leaves have much coffee and how much this egg and pin-coffee plant—there is in it and so on.

### A LEPER DECLARED CURED.

Dong Gong, the Chinese Leper at St. Louis, Cured, and His Discharge Recommended.

St. Louis, Sept. 27.—Dr. M. C. Woodruff, superintendent of the quarantine hospital, has written to Health Commissioner Starkloff stating that Dong Gong, the Chinaman who was sent to the institution nearly a year ago, as a leper, has been cured and his discharge from the hospital is recommended. Dr. Woodruff suggests that the physician who made the first diagnosis of the case together with the physician of the health department who confirmed this diagnosis examine Dong Gong and report whether, in their opinion, the Chinaman should be discharged or treated longer.

### PRESIDENT'S BRUISED LEG.

A Second Operation Found Necessary and Performed by Surgeon-General Rippey.

Washington, Sept. 28.—Another operation was performed Sunday on the shins on the leg of President Roosevelt. In the former operation a simple needle was used to relieve the trouble, but Sunday the surgeons with a knife made an incision into the small cavity, exposing the bone, which was found to be slightly affected. The president's case has been progressing satisfactorily, but it is believed by the physicians that the further operation will hasten his complete recovery.

### A Pustion Nomination.

Topeka, Kas., Oct. 1.—The Kansas democratic and populist state committees have nominated William H. Strickland, superintendent of public instruction.

### Negro's Kicking Hair.

A boy, big enough to have reached the subject of races of men—not horses—in his geography class, was asked to describe the negro. His answer: "The negro has kicking hair and producing lips." showed that he had at least heard the teacher when she spoke of the "kinky" hair and "producing" lips characterizing his dark-skinned brother. His answer really was not so funny as the remark made by a woman, who, in speaking of her sister, said, feelingly: "Oh, she's all misconstrued, so we had to take her to the hospital for a performance." —N. Y. Herald.

### Kan Cake.

Beat the yolks of four eggs with a half cupful of powdered sugar ten minutes; add one-quarter teaspoonful of extract of almond; beat the whites of two eggs till very stiff; add the yolks mixture to the white while beating constantly; sift two ounces of flour with one-quarter teaspoonful of cream of tartar; add it to the mixture; stir in lightly; butter a small cake-pan, and dust with flour or beat up a little pour in the mixture, and bake in a slow oven.—Ledges Monthly.

### Walnut Wafers.

One-half pound of brown sugar, one-half pound of walnut meats slightly broken but not chopped, three even teaspoons of flour, one quarter of a teaspoon of baking powder, one-third of a teaspoon of salt, two eggs. Beat the eggs, add sugar, salt, flour and lastly meats. Drop in small spoonfuls on well-buttered pans, and bake until brown. Remove from pans as soon as baked. Any other nuts may be used.—Good Housekeeping.

**Modern View of Literature.**  
"Are you interested in literature?" said the young woman.  
"I should not say so," replied the bustling person. "I always did think that a great deal depends on the way an idea is expressed. But at the same time literature is no good unless the article you're buying gives satisfaction after it is purchased." —Washington Star.

### PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Mattie E. Bowles, of Nortonville, was the guest of Mrs. O. P. Webb Saturday.

Roy Parker is the guest of relatives in Illinois.

Miss Eunice and Messrs. Laurie and Houston Barnes returned to their home in Illinois Saturday.

Mrs. O. P. Webb returned from Princeton, Ky., Friday.

T. F. Blair and children, Catherine and Agnes, spent Sunday with relatives in Henderson.

Mr. and Mrs. Lonie Bailey and Mrs. Fryer, of near Mantou, spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. G. T. McEuen Tuesday.

Mrs. Lillie Carr, of Madisonville, visited the family of G. F. McEuen this week.

Mrs. Dan Williams, of near Hanson, spent the day with Mrs. H. O. Stevens Tuesday.

Mrs. Ross Haugh and Mrs. Geo. Satter were in Madisonville this week shopping.

J. B. Dean was in Madisonville Monday on business.

Mrs. Combes was in the county seat this week shopping.

Mrs. Wallace Creunhaw was in Madisonville Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Scales left Monday for some point in Tennessee, where they will reside in future.

Mr. J. L. Jackson, of Madisonville, was in Earlington this week on business, and paid the Bee a pleasant call while here.

Mrs. A. Fawcett, who has been visiting relatives in Earlington for some weeks, left Friday for Texas, where she will spend the winter with her daughters, Mrs. Kemerley, of Dallas, and Mrs. Yates, of Austin.

Judge T. J. Nunn, of Madisonville, was here Tuesday.

Miss Sadie Hendricks, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Shaver, returned to her home at Hartford, Mo.

James C. Morelan, formerly of the Hopkinsville Independent, has accepted a position with the Bee.

### OUR NATIVE HERBS

IT IS UNUSUALLY EFFECTIVE.

It acts pleasantly and quickly on every organ of the system, and is a sure remedy for a variety of conditions which is FERMENANT.

**200 Days' Treatment \$1.00.**

**TABLETS OR POWDER**

—Harris and our Native Herbs with good results we take pleasure in recommending it as a first-class family medicine.

THOMAS HIBBS,  
D. ROCKEFELLER,  
T. C. O'BRIEN.

IT HAS CURED OTHERS—IT WILL CURE YOU

REFUND YOUR MONEY.

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SOLE PROPRIETORS,  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

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Earlington, Ky.

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Will receive prompt attention at this office. Estimates furnished upon application.



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JAMES E. FAWCETT,  
ASSOCIATE EDITOR & BUSINESS MGR.

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Three Months......25  
Single Copies..... 5  
specimen copies mailed free on application.

Correspondents wanted in all parts of the county. Address us for particulars.

Telephone, No. 47.

THURSDAY, NOV. 6, 1902.

## KENTUCKY GAME LAW.

One week from next Saturday, November 15th, will see the beginning of the open season for quail, and the local sportsmen are looking forward with pleasure to the time. Perhaps these favorites of the feathered tribes are not numerous this season but the enthusiasm of the hunters will not flag on that account. As it happens, the season is now "open" for all kinds of game. But perhaps the hunter is not always discriminating as to what is included under the definition "game" in Kentucky. There are birds often slaughtered which may not legally be killed at any time. There is no open season for song birds or insectivorous birds, and the penalty for killing these at any time is the same as is prescribed for killing game out of season.

There is, indeed, everywhere much wanton destruction of our beautiful song birds by mere marksmen, and it is time the law should be understood on this point. These sections cover the point: Sec. 8. No person shall at any time catch, kill or pursue with such intent, or have in their possession after the same has been caught or taken by any thrush, meadow lark, flicker, martin, swallow, woodpecker, finch, oriole, red bird, tanager, cat bird, blue bird or other song or insectivorous bird, except where the same shall be destructive to the fruit or grain crop.

Sec. 10. No person shall rob or destroy the nests or eggs of any wild bird whatsoever, save only those of a predatory nature, and destructive of other birds or fowls.

Sec. 11. Any person guilty of violating any of the provisions of either of the preceding sections shall be fined for each offense not less than \$5 nor more than \$25.

Sec. 12. The possession of any of the animals or birds intended to be protected by this law within the periods for which their killing or pursuit is hereby prohibited shall be prima facie evidence that the said animal or bird was unlawfully caught or killed, and the possession thereof unlawful.

The law further provides that each bird or animal killed shall constitute a separate offense, that a fine shall be imposed for each offense and that the informer shall receive 50 per centum of said fines.

Our song birds should receive the same protection under the law as is given to game.

## Growing to 1,200 Students.

The Fall Session of the Southern Normal School, Bowling Green Business College and National School of Telegraphy opened with a Twenty-Seven and One-Half Per Cent Increase in attendance, and the manager, far from boasting of record, present and former students, the alumni association as well as citizens, are gratified, and predict not one less than Twelve Hundred Students in daily attendance during the present scholastic year. The institutions are standing upon merit, and the public is appreciating the educational work they are doing. Catalogue and Journal free. Mention course wanted.

Address, H. H. CHERRY, Bowling Green, Ky.

Mr. Henkle, who had an operation performed for appendicitis, Monday, is getting along nicely and is in good shape. Dr. Chatten performed the operation, with his usual skill.

## WIT AND WISDOM.

The small boy always seems to say the right thing at the wrong time—Chicago Daily News.

Somewhat, it is a great shock to hear a woman complain that she has eaten too much; people expect this lack of sense in a man.—Athens Globe.

Separation Needed.—"Hattie declares that he is needed to his art." "Well, it's a wonder a long suffering public doesn't appeal to the divorce court."—Baltimore Herald.

Non-Existence.—"Cholly—'I'm shuh I'm not ova'ly up'ly, 'k'now, but I simply can't bobnob with my inferiors." Miss Peppery—"No, indeed, how could you?"—Philadelphia Press.

"I see they are trying to fish a lot of coal out of the Merrimack river where a coal barge was sunk ten years ago." "That's the kind of place mining that pays nowadays."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Delightfully Easy.—"Oh, Mr. Grow, eh," gushed Miss Nunson, "how did you ever learn to paint such beautiful pictures?" "I asked a man once," replied the artist, "and he told me how."—Indianapolis News.

Shocking! Phibian.—Mrs. Blubdud—"But they tell me your grandfather was a tradesman, don't you know?" Mrs. Parvieve—"Yes, he was, don't you know. There wasn't a thing in the world grandpa liked so well as a horse trade."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Yes, my dear," said grandma, "when I was a girl it was a matter of pride with us to know how to tell you girls of to-day seem to have lost interest in such domestic arts." "Oh, no, grandma," replied Earnestine, proudly, "not altogether, I am sure. Why I can make three different kinds of fudge!"—Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

## A 'POSSUM STORY.

One Instance in Which the Animal Fell Dead Without Any Effort at Deception.

"I have heard of people dying while they were attempting to make others believe that they were dead," said a gentleman who lives out in one of the parishes, relates the New Orleans Times-Democrat, "but about the strangest case I have ever come to my mind was that of a possum dying while it was pretending to be dead. I saw the 'possum die then, hence I have every reason to believe what I say. As almost every one knows, the 'possum feigns death when it is about to be caught, and after you catch the cunning creature, if you happen to be ignorant of its trick, you will take it for granted that it died of heart failure or something of that sort, unless you are sagacious enough to detect the respiratory movement of its stomach. Of course, the 'possum catches its breath, and it does not seem to try to stop its breath, but when it feigns death it breathes slowly, and regularly as if it is asleep. At such time you may kick it up into the air, but the creature has a strong will and never shows any indication of pain then. There are two ways to make a 'possum 'wake up' when it is trying to fool you. Firstly, get out of its sight for awhile, when you can pick it up. If it is gone, it then makes a hurried attempt at escape. Secondly, tie its tail to that of a cat and suspend them on the clothes line. At first the 'possum will be dead, but when the cat lets out a few 'meows' and begins to bite and scratch the 'possum awakes, and a most violent fight follows. I saw such a fight some time ago. The 'possum killed the cat, it having a larger mouth and having the power to bite harder. It was a laughable scene in the beginning, but in explicitly cruel and sorrowful in the end. But to go on with my story, I was sitting on my gallery some time ago and noticed that a large fat 'possum was making for an oak that stood in front of my house. I ran for the 'possum, and it dropped. Of course, I thought it was trying to make me believe that it was dead. Now, I didn't kick it to death, but I was going to make it move. I simply returned to the gallery to watch some further maneuvers on the 'possum's part. But there was none, and I watched until I grew tired. Then I went to the 'possum. There was no breathing; it was dead. This is the queerest thing I ever saw or heard of, and I know it is true, because I witnessed the whole affair."

## One Way to Get Money.

State Historian Hugh Hastings says that a few months ago a young professor in Union college entered a clothing store in Schenectady and ordered a suit of clothes. He was established when the dealer said to him: "Shall I send the bill to your father? I'll make it \$50 and give you the balance now." Investigation disclosed the fact that a number of college students in this way "raised the wind." They caused exorbitant bills to be sent to their fathers and pocketed the difference.—N. Y. Times.

## Value of Our Beef.

The total annual export value of United States beef is estimated at \$100,000,000. If we add to this the distributive sales of the various packing establishments in the United States for the domestic market as well, we find that it reaches the enormous total of 1,000,000 car loads, valued at \$2,000,000,000. Added to this is the value of the many by-products of the packing house, which amount to many millions more.—Leslie's Monthly.

## Soft Cool Eye in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia has what is called the "soft cool eye," an affliction caused by the presence in the air of carbon particles from the numerous consumption of the city.—Indianapolis News.

## PERSIAN PRINCES AS PUPILS.

An English Tutor's Experience with Young Members of the Shah's Household.

We have heard how Emperor William trains his boys and how the present king of England was brought up, but nothing has been disclosed concerning how the shah of Persia trains his dandy princelings and inculcates in them the principles of royalty and rulership.

An English tutor who was intrusted with the schooling and training of these embryonic eastern potentates tells some very interesting facts about the broad-and-butter life in the shah's palace and the pleasures and trials of imparting knowledge to the little boys who have the blood of a hundred tyrants in their veins.

This tutor's name is Wilfred Sparrow, and his book is entitled "Persian Children of the Royal Family." There were nine of these children, selected from the great girth of the shah's children, as being the sons of favorites. Their royal parents speak of them as the "high of his eyes," but if any of the "highs" misbehave their poetic father does not hesitate to chastise them, and his frequent admonition of his palace, sent for to spare "the stick." On one occasion, when the little princes had been particularly naughty and unbearable, the tutor thrashed one of them and left the schoolroom.

The shah heard of this, and, making his way to the juvenile department of his palace, sent for the tutor. The tutor came and declared the princelings wished to make a servant of him.

Whereupon the shah went down the line and boxed each royal youngster's ears soundly, reminding the tutor that he was at perfect liberty to use "the stick," and departed, leaving an atmosphere of calm and submission behind him. But all the tutor's experiences with his pupils were of this billigerent character. It is somewhat hard to enforce discipline among little boys who have in gold lace and braid to come in and clean their slates after some simple sum, but the English tutor did it and more. He won the esteem and liking of the boys. He taught them football and played with them. His most loyal cooperation in his work was the favorite daughter of the shah, who enjoys her father's most extravagant affection.

In order to have her always about him, the shah dressed her in boy's clothes, and although he was obliged to relegate her to the harem when she became a beautiful maiden, as he does not believe there is a man in a kingdom good enough for her. She rules her father with a smile, and her brothers adore her, says the Detroit News-Tribune. If it were not for the shah's tutor it would be the second of their beloved sister to transform their reluctance to alimony, and to do the double bidding with speed. The little royalties came to the schoolroom dressed as furrowed men, in the court costume of Persia. But they were hearty, lusty boys, late to the schoolroom as most boys are, addicted to mischief, but pretty good boys, after all.

## HAVE REGISTRATION MANIA.

Persons Who Have a Weakness for Reporting Pictorial Births, Deaths and Weddings.

As the registrar of births, deaths and marriages of an important suburban district of London, I may say that I have known quite a host of cranks, both male and female, who came to me and registered the birth of children who never existed in fact, but who recognize a distinct class of half-demented folk we call "registration maniacs." Of course the registrations made by these persons are fraudulent objects, but most of the cases we have diligently inquired into have shown the persons registering were demented, and that no prosecution has been instituted. An old gentleman, who was really childish and who had suffered much trouble, used to call regularly for the purpose of declaring the existence of non-existent children.

But it is in regard to marriage that we have the most peculiar experiences. Both men and women come and give us notice of intended marriages, where the consent of the other party has never been asked, and this is done far more often than the public would imagine. Sometimes the delusion is of the kind of the other party, sometimes pure delusion is at the bottom of it, and it has been done for the purpose of manufacturing evidence for breach of promise cases. I have known a rejected suitor to come and give notice of his intention to marry on a given date the lady who has, in reality, dismissed him with scorn, says a writer in London Times, and I have witnessed many a scene of indignation when the lady and her friends demanded the instant destruction of the notice. We are, of course, most careful in registering deaths. If absolutely false certificates have been tried on me by people who have been absconded.

## Their Chained Color.

It is said that a young girl has just died in the asylum at Hamburg who possessed the peculiar gift of changing the color of her hair according to the state of her mind. In "periods of sadness" the hair was its natural color, when excited it became reddish, and her anger was indicated by a change of color. Three days were generally required for the change to be completed, and her complexion also varied in the same period, and in the same way.—St. Paul Globe.



## Our Suits Excel.

We are not satisfied to be called merely tailors. We'd rather say that we were the "best tailors." You'll find how hard we work to make this impression on you if given a chance to make your next suit. We have been making clothes for years for the most stylish and the most exacting of cloth from

**Murphy Brothers,**  
Merchant Tailors, Chicago.

Do not be persuaded to try any other line.

In a collision in New York between a trolley car and an automobile, 25 persons were injured, but none fatally.

## To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Big oil gusher was struck near Kingston, Tenn., and a tremendous boom is caused, options on adjacent lands bringing fabulous prices.

## The Best Prescription for Malaria

Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chills Tonic. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price 50c.

Mr. O. P. Webb happened to a painful accident the other night by letting the end of a cross tie fall on the back of his hand bruising and cutting it badly.

## Success—Worth Knowing.

Forty years success in the South proves Hughes' Tonic a great remedy for Chills and all Malarial Fevers. Better than Calomel and Quinine. Contains no Arsenic. Guaranteed. Try It. At Druggists. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles.

## CALIFORNIA

Best Personally Conducted

Tourist Excursions

Leave Chicago

Tuesdays and Thursdays

VIA THE

Great

Rock Island

Route

And Scenic Line.

Tourist Car via Southern Route

Leaves Chicago every Tuesday.

Daily First Class Sleeper Through Between

Chicago and San Francisco.

Crossing the best scenery of the Rockies and Sierra Nevada by Daylight. Direct connection to Los Angeles. Best Dining Car Service through. Write for information and literature to

G. D. BACON, Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept. Century Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

JOHN BABASTIAN, G. P. A., Chicago Ill.

## CHEAP RATES TO TEXAS.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month the Cotton Belt will sell round trip tickets to Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma and Indian Territory at one fare, plus 25c. For full particulars write to the agent at three weeks for return and will allow stopovers on the going trip. For full particulars write to the agent at three weeks for return and will allow stopovers on the going trip. For full particulars write to the agent at three weeks for return and will allow stopovers on the going trip.

L. O. SHAFFER, T. P. A., Cincinnati O.

## THOUSANDS SAVED BY DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

This wonderful medicine positively cures Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Hay Fever, Pleurisy, La Grippe, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup and Whooping Cough. Every bottle guaranteed. No Cure, No Pay. Price 50c. & \$1. Trial bottle free.

Obtain Your Remedy With Confidence. Beware of cheap imitations. Beware of cheap imitations. Beware of cheap imitations.

## THE OLD RELIABLE

STILL ON DECK.

If you want a First Class, Up-to-date job of painting of any kind, call on Yours Truly,

### McFADDEN & SON,

THE PAINTERS.

## GARDINER & BOWMER,

### DRUGGISTS & PHARMACISTS

MADISONVILLE, KY.

LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK OF

Patent Medicines, Chemicals and Prescription Drugs.

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.

Trusses and Shoulder Braces a Specialty.

## HOPKINS COUNTY BANK

Incorporated 1890.

MADISONVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Capital \$50,000. Surplus \$5,500.

## A Lucky Find.

A wise purchase of drugs is a great deal more fortunate than the finding of a pocketbook. The luck of finding a pocketbook only occurs once:

### The Wisdom of the Purchase

of first-class drugs is with you all the time. We would like you to remember always that ours is the place for getting first-class drugs always.

### ST. BERNARD DRUG STORE.

BRYAN HOPPER, Manager.

## Painless Dentistry

Teeth Extracted . . . .  
And Filled Without Pain.

Using the latest and most harmless anaesthetics and all the modern Appliances known to Dental Surgery.

Work Guaranteed. Lowest Prices Consistent with the Best Work.

### T. D. RENFROW.

OFFICE OVER POSTOFFICE.

## BANKING BY MAIL.

Twenty-Five Cents a Month

Doubled every month in the year amounts to \$1,025.75.

TRY IT.

To Out of Town Patronage.

Deposits can be made by money order or registered letter. All letters given immediate attention and promptly answered when received. We will at once enter your name as a depositor and send you a pass book with the proper credits thereon.

At once deposits 3 per cent. interest is allowed, compounded every six months.

Adds all communications to

### The Earlington Bank.

JESSE PHILLIPS, CASHIER.

## Carefree

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Genuine Stewed C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

### Don't Accept a Substitute!

When you ask for Carefree be sure you get the genuine Carefree Candy Cathartic! Don't accept fraudulent substitutes, imitations or counterfeits! Genuine tablets stamped C. C. C. Never sold in bulk. All druggists, etc.

Callers.

We have just received at this office a handsome line of new and strictly up-to-date calendar samples including the bewitching young lady "in scarlet" and many other equally striking subjects. We are in the calendar business and now is the time to select your line of calendars for the year 1903. We will take pleasure in showing you our samples at any time. Call and see them at the Bee office, Earlington, Ky. 10-8-01.

*C. W. Moore*

This signature is on every box of the genuine Carefree Candy Cathartic. Beware of cheap imitations that come in a gold box.

If you want quick action on your money place an ad. in the Bee.





## THE ELECTION RESULTS.

The Story Told By The Ballots in the States Which Held Elections Tuesday.

### NO GENERAL CHANGE IN COMPLEXION.

Republicans Retain Control of the National House of Representatives, But With a Slightly Reduced Majority and a Loss of Four in the Senate.

New York, Nov. 5.—The elections were held Tuesday in 42 states and the returns thus far received indicate that the control of the national congress remains with the republican party. While official reports are not available, the republican party in the house of representatives is estimated to have lost one seat, while in the senate it has lost four seats. The republican party in the house of representatives is estimated to have lost one seat, while in the senate it has lost four seats. The republican party in the house of representatives is estimated to have lost one seat, while in the senate it has lost four seats.

In the east the main interest centered in the two great states of New York and Pennsylvania. In the latter because of the conditions brought about by the recent coal strike, and in New York because of its bearing on the future of the party of the republican candidate for governor. New York re-elected Gov. E. B. O'Neil and the entire state ticket, though the falling out in the republican ranks as compared with 1900, was enormous. O'Neil's plurality is placed at about 100,000. The democrats made a very slight gain in the popular vote, but not enough to injure the election of a republican successor to Senator Platt. The democrats also made slight gains in the congressional elections, the official figures placing the delegation at 40 republicans, 17 democrats.

In Pennsylvania, Wm. Pennypacker, republican, was elected governor by a plurality estimated at more than 150,000, while the legislature is overwhelmingly republican. The democrats elected three, of the 32 congressmen.

The indications in New Hampshire are that Nelson S. Rockefeller, republican candidate for governor, was elected over Henry F. Hollis, democrat, by a plurality of about 10,000. There was a heavy shrinkage from the vote of two years ago. The legislature is republican in both branches by large majorities.

In Illinois, while official figures are not yet lacking, the indications are that the republican ticket is elected by a good majority and that the next legislature will elect a successor to United States Senator Mason.

Republicans in Connecticut elect their entire ticket by a plurality estimated to be at least 15,000. The general assembly safely republican on joint ballot.

In Maryland, the election was only for congressmen, the republicans electing four of the six members.

Virginia's election was confined to congressmen, and the republicans electing ten, with one district doubtful.

The democratic majority in North Carolina is estimated to be about 63,000, with a solid democratic delegation in congress and a democratic legislature.

Tennessee rolled up a democratic majority for governor and the entire state ticket, estimated at about 97,000. The legislature is also democratic.

In Michigan the republican elected Gov. Bliss and the entire state ticket, besides securing 11 of the 12 congressmen. The legislature is strongly republican, thus assuring the election of ex-Secretary of War Alger to the United States senate.

In New Jersey there was no change in the present situation. The democrats may have gained, but the control of the state and legislature remains with the republican party.

Massachusetts went strongly republican, the entire state ticket of that party being elected, and the republicans electing 11 of the 12 congressmen. The state legislature remains republican.

In Rhode Island the democrats have elected Hon. L. F. Carlin for governor, but with this exception the republican state ticket will go through. The legislature is republican.

In California the returns indicate the election of the republican candidate for governor. The legislature probably will be republican.

The latest reports from Montana give the state to the republicans. However, the democrats do not concede their defeat.

The indications in Kansas are that the republican state ticket has been elected, with eight congressmen. The legislature will be republican.

Reports from Nevada point to a fusion victory in the state. Heavy republican gains are conceded at 50 cents in the state ticket, although the returns are so meager that it is impossible to give reliable estimates of the result.

The result in Colorado, to the state ticket is still in doubt. The republicans claim that Peabody is elected governor by 5,000 to 10,000 plurality, while the democrats claim that Simpson has a plurality of 2,500 over Peabody. The democrats will have a large majority on joint ballot in the legislature, insuring the election of United States Senator Teller. The house will consist of 30 democrats, 24 republicans and two members who were on both tickets, and 10 congressmen, but the chances favor the democrats.

Returns received from Iowa go to show that the republicans have elected the state ticket by a plurality of 10,000. Reports from congressional districts are meager.

Returns from the legislature in Delaware seem to indicate another deadlock, as was the case two years ago.

Ohio is claimed by the republicans by a plurality of more than 100,000, and possibly 18 of the 21 congressmen, although the democrats decline to concede a large majority of the congressional districts claimed.

In Minnesota, a plurality of 30,000 is claimed for Van Sant, republican, and the democrats, while giving no figures, say that the returns are not flattering.

Ten republican congressmen and one democrat, with the re-election of Gov. La Follette, was indicated by late returns from Wisconsin.

Returns from Nebraska show the vote to be exceedingly close for governor, with the remainder of the republican state ticket probably elected by a small plurality.

A small plurality for Morrison, republican, for governor is indicated at an early hour this morning in Idaho.

Washington and Wyoming appear to be safely in the republican column. Indiana is estimated to have given the republican candidates from 25,000 to 40,000. The delegation to congress remains unchanged, nine republicans, four democrats, while the legislature will be republican by 25 on joint ballot, insuring the re-election of United States Senator Fairbanks.

Indications from Utah point to a republican majority in the legislature on joint ballot.

The southern tier of states appear to show a solid democratic trend. No state election was held in Vermont and in West Virginia there is little change.

STATE INDICATIONS.

Latest From the Several States Mostly, However, Based on Incomplete Returns.

NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 5.—At noon yesterday the returns from the state indicated that O'Neil's plurality would be about 100,000. These figures were based on complete returns from numbers of counties, with partial reports from others, missing districts being estimated. The republican plurality above the Bronx, as indicated by the returns received, was 125,000, against 123,000 in the Greater New York for Coler. Figures from Greater New York, with two election districts missing, gave Coler 120,000 plurality. The vote was as follows: Manhattan and the Bronx, Coler, 109,350; Albany, Coler, 110,450; Westchester, Coler, 104,554; Dutchess, Coler, 104,554; Delaware, Coler, 104,554; Richmond, Coler, 104,554; Albany, Coler, 104,554.

Two places on the state ticket continue doubtful, the attorney-generalship and justice in the court of appeals, it appearing that the democratic candidates for those offices had run well above the ticket of the attorney-general, because he was endorsed by the prohibitionists, and Gray, for the court of appeals, on account of the fact that many republicans supported him.

For congress 17 republicans and 17 democrats were elected, with one district in doubt. In the present congress are 22 republicans and 12 democrats. According to these estimates, the new senate would stand 30 republicans and 20 democrats, and the assembly 80 republicans and 61 democrats.

OHIO.

Columbus, O., Nov. 5.—With more complete returns, the republicans say their plurality on the state ticket is approximately 100,000, and that the Ohio congressmen stand 17 republicans to 4 democrats, and the legislature 21 republicans to 10 democrats. The pluralities in all of the four democratic districts are increased. The only changes were in the Twelfth and Thirteenth districts, where they offset each other. The democrats gained the former by electing Judge Dewitt C. Brown, and lost the latter by the defeat of Dr. James A. Norton, who has been in congress many years.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Nov. 5.—Massachusetts elected a republican state ticket; a congressional delegation of 10 republicans and 4 democrats, a state senate of 21 republicans and 10 democrats, and a house of representatives of 155 republicans, 82 democrats and three socialists. The total vote was the largest ever (largest for governor, reaching approximately 390,000, against 268,100 for governor two years ago).

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MASSACHUSETTS.

democratic candidate, by a plurality of 37,479, but Col. Gistman made a gain of 50 cents in the state ticket, compared with that given Josiah Quincy last year, and cut an average plurality about one-half.

The socialist vote, not over looked as John C. Chase, for governor, received about 34,000, a gain of more than 300 per cent. over last year and jumping the party from a three per cent. to an eight per cent. basis.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 5.—Returns of the election for members of the legislature, and for the election of the state senate will stand 10 republicans and 7 democrats. The house will stand 18 republicans and 16 democrats, and the senate will stand 10 republicans and 7 democrats. On joint ballot the vote will be 28 republicans, 23 democrats, 1 tie.

Of the republican members it is conceded that eight are opposed to the election of J. Edward Addicks to the United States senate. This promises to be a close contest.

Reuben seems to have won after a tough contest by 700 or 800 votes. George W. Smith has defeated James J. Addicks, and Pleasant M. Chapman's election is claimed on semi-authoritative figures by about 500. These were the three districts of democratic victory, the democrats thought they would carry.

The republicans claim 117 on joint ballot in the legislature. It takes 103 to elect a senator.

As to subsidiary issues, respecting the number and as to the election of a senator by popular vote of the people of the state, and the election of the republican party in the house of representatives. The senate remains strongly republican. L. F. C. Garvin, the democratic candidate for governor, with 121 out of 150 districts heard from, has a majority of nearly 6,000 votes over Kimball.

RHODE ISLAND.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 5.—Although complete returns of Tuesday have not been received, the results on hand show that the democrats elect their candidate for governor and lieutenant-governor, with the congressional vote in the First district doubtful. The democrats gain throughout the entire state, electing mayor in four of the five cities, and cutting down the republican lead in the house of representatives. The senate remains strongly republican. L. F. C. Garvin, the democratic candidate for governor, with 121 out of 150 districts heard from, has a majority of nearly 6,000 votes over Kimball.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 5.—Returns from the North Virginia district, for the election of United States senators, by W. Pennypacker (rep.) was elected governor by an estimated plurality of 100,000. The republican ticket was generally successful in the various counties.

The democrats elected 4 of the 32 congressmen.

The legislature will be more strongly republican than ever before, with the exception of the 1897 session. The senate will be republican.

Philadelphia's complete vote for congressmen, for Pennypacker (rep.), 108,716; Patton (dem.), 72,000; republican plurality, 36,716.

MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Nov. 5.—Returns thus far indicate the success of the democratic ticket by a plurality of about 20,000. The election of the entire congressional delegation saw one republican and five democrats.

The legislature will be more strongly republican than ever before, with the exception of the 1897 session. The senate will be republican.

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UTAH.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 5.—Additional returns indicate a republican majority on joint ballot in the legislature of at least 31. This insures the election of Apostle Reed Smoot to the United States senate. The republican victory was almost complete, 21 of the 27 counties being carried for that ticket.

ILLINOIS.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—The republicans carried Illinois by an approximate plurality of 53,000. Fred A. Busse, republican candidate for state treasurer, has an estimated plurality of 50,000 votes, of which he secured 16,812 in Cook county, and the balance in the state.

The republicans have won 18 congressmen out of 23, giving the democrats 7. Some of the fights in the congressional districts were unusual.

Reuben seems to have won after a tough contest by 700 or 800 votes. George W. Smith has defeated James J. Addicks, and Pleasant M. Chapman's election is claimed on semi-authoritative figures by about 500. These were the three districts of democratic victory, the democrats thought they would carry.

The republicans claim 117 on joint ballot in the legislature. It takes 103 to elect a senator.

As to subsidiary issues, respecting the number and as to the election of a senator by popular vote of the people of the state, and the election of the republican party in the house of representatives. The senate remains strongly republican. L. F. C. Garvin, the democratic candidate for governor, with 121 out of 150 districts heard from, has a majority of nearly 6,000 votes over Kimball.

RHODE ISLAND.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 5.—Although complete returns of Tuesday have not been received, the results on hand show that the democrats elect their candidate for governor and lieutenant-governor, with the congressional vote in the First district doubtful. The democrats gain throughout the entire state, electing mayor in four of the five cities, and cutting down the republican lead in the house of representatives. The senate remains strongly republican. L. F. C. Garvin, the democratic candidate for governor, with 121 out of 150 districts heard from, has a majority of nearly 6,000 votes over Kimball.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 5.—Returns from the North Virginia district, for the election of United States senators, by W. Pennypacker (rep.) was elected governor by an estimated plurality of 100,000. The republican ticket was generally successful in the various counties.

The democrats elected 4 of the 32 congressmen.

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## ELECTION NIGHT HORROR.

Twelve Persons Killed and Seventy-Four Injured in New York City.

### CARELESS HANDLING OF FIREWORKS.

Coroner Schuler Conducting a Searching Inquest in an Effort to Place the Responsibility for Tuesday Night's Tragedy in Madison Square.

New York, Nov. 6.—With a list of 12 persons killed and 74 injured before him, Coroner Schuler has inaugurated an investigation of the explosion of fireworks in Madison Square Tuesday evening. Eight men already have been locked up, charged with criminal neglect, and the coroner has issued a warrant for the arrest of John D. Dismundo, of Coney Island, who is at large and is believed to be in charge of the fireworks.

"It is a case of absolute criminal neglect," said the coroner. "One of the mortars was set off, and it was pointed at a row of other mortars in a line. There was a defect in the bottom of the mortar, and it leaked out the others, which were set off by the fireball thrown toward them."

District Attorney Jerome, who was called into the Fifth Avenue station, hurried to the scene and, after an investigation, ordered the arrest of the men charged with the explosion.

A revised list of the dead follows: Patrolman Dennis Shea, of the Brooklyn bridge squad.

William J. Burke, 12 years old, nephew of Maj. W. H. Buck, of this city.

Harold Roblee, 12-year-old son of the late John Roblee, proprietor of the Barthold Hotel.

Nathaniel Bingley, 13 years old. Joseph Arber, 21 years old.

Five unidentified white men and two unidentified colored men.

The scenes at the hospital and at the morgue following the terrible crash after the explosion were beyond description. It is estimated that 20,000 persons were in the square at the time. Probably 20,000 of these were men, women and children.

The explosion occurred. While they were scrambling to reach places of safety, knocking one another down and falling over the bodies of others, 30,000 were cheering from the opposite side of the park, where they were viewing the election returns thrown upon a screen before the new skyscraper known as the "Flat Iron Building."

The persons in this portion of the park apparently were elated over the results, and supposed the explosion which rent the air were a part of the programme, and were totally unaware of the tragedy being enacted so near at hand.

Instantly a terrible call swept over the crowd, and all interest in the returns was out.

Along the long line of patrol wagons, ambulances and other vehicles, carrying dead and injured, led through Twenty-third street, for Bellevue hospital, thousands lined the way and gazed awe-stricken at the conveyances. Five hundred persons gathered outside the hospital, and other hundreds came and went during the night, seeking among the unidentified dead, the relatives and friends whom they hoped to find.

At the hospital gazed and among them many women. The scene around Bellevue was the most ghastly in the history of the institution.

KING EDWARD AND IRELAND.

Indications that His Majesty is inclined to do something in behalf of Ireland.

New York, Nov. 5.—King Edward has been generally interested in taking part in the negotiations for bringing the Boer war to an end. It is now asserted, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune, that he has been complaining to the ministers of the condition of Ireland, and that the appointment of a new permanent secretary has been made in deference to his wishes. These rumors are accompanied by a statement that a revision of Secretary Wyndham's land bill and the semi-official announcement that the King will visit Ireland in the summer of the spring.

LOCKED IN DEATH'S EMBRACE.

An Aged Omaha Minister and a Young Lady Found Dead in the Church Vestibule.

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 5.—Rev. Wm. C. Rabe, pastor of the German Baptist church at Twenty-sixth and Seward streets and Miss Augustus Dyer, a young lady living in that neighborhood, were found dead, early Wednesday morning, a vestibule in the rear of the church.

The two bodies were locked in embrace, and the gas jets were turned on and not burning. Rev. Rabe was 65 years of age and a prominent minister.

Fire in New York.

New York, Nov. 5.—Fire in the warehouses of the Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Company, situated at the corner of Broadway and West Street, destroyed the building and stock of the company to the value of \$125,000.

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## GONE DEMOCRATIC.

Little of Kentucky Left to Republicans on the Eleventh.

### FOUR DEMOCRATIC APPELLATE JUDGES.



IN THE INTEREST  
OF THE

## ..Woman's Christian Temperance Union..

Edited by a White Ribboner.

Miss Eva Marshall Shontz, the brilliant young woman who produced such a profound impression in Madisonville, on Easter Sunday, was in Kansas City, Kan., on Friday evening, Oct. 24, when she addressed a great union church rally of over 1,000 people.

The Texas Liquor Dealer for October says: "Prohibition is today one of the most important political issues in the United States. Any attempt to make it a purely moral and religious issue is childish." All of which is respectfully submitted.

The National Convention of the W. C. T. U., at Portland, Maine, is said to have drawn the largest audiences ever assembled in that city. Besides the actual members of the convention, there were a large number of delegates from Canada, one from Japan, one from South Africa and several from England.

Sunday was a notable day in the convention. In the morning thirty-two pulpits were filled by members of the convention. During the day the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the R. R. Y. M. C. A. and the jail were visited and three mass meetings held.

Invitations for the next convention were received from Texas, Sioux Falls, Milwaukee and Louisville.

One evening called "Jubilee Night" was given to the States which have made a gain of over 500 in membership during the year. There were six states to claim this honor: Illinois, which reported a gain of 1,770; New York, having made a gain of 2,443, making the largest enrollment of any state; Pennsylvania, having 15,000 members; Maine, Ohio and Alabama.

Elizabeth Cady Stanton, sometime called "The Grand Old Woman," died October 26, at her home in West Ninety-fourth street, New York City. She was born November 12, 1815, and was therefore nearly 87 years of age at the time of her death. She was the daughter of Judge Daniel Cady, and as a child displayed unusual intelligence.

Mrs. Stanton graduated from Mrs. Emma Willard's Seminary, at Troy, N. Y., in 1832. In 1840, she was married to Henry Brewster Stanton, a noted anti-slavery orator and lecturer. Immediately after their marriage they went to London, to attend the international anti-slavery convention held there, to which Mrs. Stanton was a delegate. On account of being a woman, she was not allowed to participate in its proceedings. Although an anti-slavery conventioned the emancipation of woman was too radical a measure, at that time for even that body to consider.

Mrs. Stanton was the head of the movement, and besides carrying for the delegates, she wrote the declaration of aims, which was held at Seneca Falls, N. Y., her home, July 19 and 20, 1848.

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When Mrs. Stanton's father, Judge Cady, heard of her resolution, "That it is the duty of the women of this country to secure to themselves their sacred rights to the elective franchise," he was filled with a fear that her mind had become deranged and hastened from Johnstown to

Seneca Falls to care for her. Finding her still sane he tried to reason with her on the suffrage question, but finding her thoroughly capable of maintaining her own side of the argument, he was obliged to submit to the inevitable.

From 1867 to 1874 she went from state to state campaigning for woman suffrage. She also became a candidate for Congress from the Eight Congressional District of New York, under the patronage of the New York Herald.

When the constitutional convention of Pennsylvania was in session, some time in the 70's, she appeared before that body and made a magnificent appeal that the constitution then being framed should confer upon woman the right of suffrage. Among other things she said, "You say that a woman does not know enough to vote. Well, I am ready to converse with any member of this convention in seven different languages. Who is ready to carry on his part of the conversation?"—and nobody responded.

Mrs. Stanton was the mother of seven children all of whom occupy prominent positions in life and not one that uses tobacco or alcoholic liquors in any form. Surely, this is a noble record for a mother! There could not be stronger evidence that although she engaged in public duties for the good of society she did not neglect her own home.

Many of our readers may remember that at a meeting of the Church Club in New York City last January, two of that city's eminent divines distinguished themselves by indulging in some remarks that will not soon be forgotten by the parties interested.

These two celebrities are Dr. Rainsford and Bishop Potter. Dr. Rainsford made himself famous by saying: "The W. C. T. U. women are doing the devil's work," and Dr. Potter opened his mouth and said: "Prohibition is an impudent failure." That was last January.

At the opening of the convention of the New York diocese, at Holy Trinity Protestant Episcopal church, the last week of September, the good Bishop again distinguished himself by saying: "There are virtues in the saloon. A vast amount of temperance agitation now carried on is tainted with falsehood and necessarily futile. The workingman's task is so narrow and confining that he is not to be blamed if now and then he 'evens up' and introduces a little variety by getting drunk. Prohibitory laws, whether put in operation on any day or on all days, are as stupid as they are ineffectual."

At the national convention of the W. C. T. U., in Portland, Lady Isabel Somerset, in her address on Sunday afternoon in the city hall, before an audience of four thousand people, said: "I am astonished and pained beyond expression to think that a bishop of my own church could give utterance to such statements." She could not understand what blight had fallen upon him to say such things. If Bishop Potter thought these people needed a little variety in their lives, why did he not make some effort himself to establish some means of recreation that would be both wholesome and restful? Lady Isabel's remarks were endorsed by the heartiest applause.

Commenting on Bishop Potter, The Pennsylvania Methodist, published at Harrisburg, says:

"The Bishop does not talk, pray and preach one way and vote another. He is no hypocrite. He argues for rum and votes that way. He justifies drinking and imports a barrel of Scotch rum, and kicks like a mule when Republican custom house officers want him to pay the duty on it. He is generally condemned by ecclesiastics who vote as he does, but talk on the other side. We had rather take his chances in the judgement than those of the men who sign their names to the declaration that 'The liquor traffic cannot be legalized without sin,' and then vote for candidates for office who favor license. Potter is on the wrong side. His influence is most pernicious. He is doing more to deny humanity than a dozen others can do to save it."

The Evangelical, the leading representative of the United Evangelical church in the United States, comments upon the event in this way:

"Bishop Potter of the Protestant Episcopal Church, standing in the heart of the saloon-ridden and liquor-beslobbered city of New York, as a professed minister of Jesus Christ, gives aid and comfort to the greatest evil in the land by denouncing the Prohibition movement a fraud and a failure. So far as he is concerned it is a failure, for it could not prevent him from importing a cargo of wines for home consumption. His intemperate words betray inspiration derived rather from the 'spirit of wine' than from the Spirit of God. A bishop should keep sober, refrain from bearing false witness, talk good sense, or keep his mouth shut."

Willard bookmarks containing a fine likeness of Miss Willard and her last words, "How beautiful to be with God," can be purchased at 1,117, The Temple, Chicago, for 25 cents.

## Don't Read This.

The Bee is ready to do any and all kinds of fancy and artistic advertisements on blotters. We have a full supply of high grade blotting paper on hand and can give you any kind of an advertisement you want. Give us an order and see what we can do.



Don't forget the old man with the fish on his back.

For nearly thirty years he has been traveling around the world, and is still traveling, bringing health and comfort wherever he goes.

To the consumptive he brings the strength and flesh he so much needs.

To all weak and sickly children he gives rich and strengthening food.

To thin and pale persons he gives new firm flesh and rich red blood.

Children who first saw the old man with the fish are now grown up and have children of their own.

He stands for Scott's Emulsion of pure cod liver oil—a delightful food and a natural tonic for children, for old folks and for all who need flesh and strength.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 S. 5th Street, New York. 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

Subscribe for the Bee.

## Unofficial Vote Hopkins County, November, 4, 1902.

## PRECINCT.

	COURT OF APPEALS.	CONGRESSMAN.
	T. J. NUNN, R. J. DARBY.	A. O. STANLEY, R. W. BLACK.
White Plains.....	136 54	135 54
Court House.....	64 23	65 22
Mortons Gap.....	106 120	108 108
St. Charles.....	45 111	47 111
Lake Earlington.....	91 203	92 201
N. E. Earlington.....	101 180	100 190
Barnesley.....	49 84	48 86
Court House.....	103 85	99 81
Elk.....	69 100	69 100
Colton.....	67 78	68 80
East Hanson.....	91 77	90 77
West Hanson.....	88 14	90 14
Oakwall.....	113 40	118 38
North Nebo.....	53 67	53 67
South Nebo.....	74 55	74 56
Dalton.....	64 60	63 61
Silvert Run.....	84 37	84 37
Charleston.....	73 41	74 41
Dawson.....	82 100	81 107
Isley.....	25 141	26 142
Mill.....	78 140	72 143
Kitchen.....	134 86	132 85
Manitou.....	85 47	86 47
Richland.....	51 94	51 94
Total.....	1925 1932	1918 1932

## HOPKINS COUNTY

Gives Small Republican Majorities, With Light Vote Generally.

## LITTLE INTEREST MANIFESTED.

Quiet Election Throughout the County And Little Work Done.

Tuesday's election was one of the quietest affairs of the kind ever pulled off in Hopkins county, perhaps, except at the county seat, where the proposition to vote bonds for a municipal light plant warmed things up to a white heat. In fact, many people throughout the county did not know there was to be an election until a day or so before election day, and the returns would indicate that many did not know, or did not remember that there was to be an election, at all. Voters in Earlington have said since the election that this was their case and this condition seems to have prevailed in many other precincts. There was a small vote cast on all sides and the day passed by quietly. The election seemed to have been taken part in only by those who knew their minds and who went out to the polls to express their own wishes. Organized workers were not in evidence and the usual work of sending carriages and runners out after slow voters, was omitted. In fact, a general lack of active interest prevailed in most places. The total vote cast in the election for Judge of the Court of Appeals was only 8,567, against a total of about 6,900 in the election of November, 1901, showing that a very large proportion of the total vote of the county stayed at home.

The complete figures for the county show a Republican majority of 14 in the Congressional race and 7 in the race for Judge of the Court of Appeals. The total vote in the latter race for the county was P. J. Darby, 1,932; T. J. Nunn, 1,925. In the Congressional race, R. W. Black, 1,932; A. O. Stanley, 1,918. The county went Democratic last year by about 450.

Above is published a tabulated statement of the vote by precincts, which was had from the County Court Clerk's office yesterday afternoon after all returns were in.

## Now an Osteopath.

J. W. McCord, of this city, having passed a satisfactory examination, has received the degree of Doctor of Osteopathy by a Chicago school. His father, W. E. McCord, of Ky., is an old reliable M. D., under whom young J. W. studied medicine. But osteopathy being his choice he has spent much time in the past two years in the study of the science.—Hustler.

Slops the Cough and Works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price 35c.

## A MAN CAN'T

swim in shackles. It isn't a question of his winning a race, but a question of being able to keep afloat. The man who is suffering from malnutrition is like the fettered swimmer. His stomach and its allied organs of digestion and nutrition are diseased. It is not a question with him of winning in the race for business but of simply keeping up under any circumstances. Whenever disease affects the stomach it is affecting also the blood and the health of every organ of the body. For blood is only food converted into nutrition and nutrition is the life of the body and every organ of it.

Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It purifies the blood and enables the perfect nutrition of the body which means perfect health. "For six years I suffered with indigestion and my liver and kidneys, which baffled the best doctors," writes Dr. R. B. Kell, Jr., of Woolsey, Prince William Co., Va. "I suffered with stomach and back for a long time, and after taking a 'cart-load' of medicine from three doctors I grew so bad I could hardly go a day's work. Would have died like a dog in the side, and blind spells. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and after a few days I began to feel relieved. I got stronger and stronger, and am now happy to say I owe my life to Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. There is nothing 'just as good' for diseases of the stomach, blood and bowels."

## NORTONVILLE ITEMS.

Mr. Dan Hoggood, of Illinois, is visiting Mr. Fate Garrett.

Bailey Franklin has opened up with a full line of dry goods in the Tallafair house.

Carr and Bill Hawkins have purchased lots at this place.

Pete Shelton is erecting a new dwelling on his farm, near this place.

Dilmers Wright and Tim Carroll was in this vicinity Sunday.

Rev. Grey Teague, of Old Petersburg, preached at Pleasant Hill Sunday.

G. W. Lantrip visited Carr Hawkins Sunday.

Bill Hawkins, of Huckleberry Ridge, was in our midst this week.

Ben Franklin and wife visited Joe Vandiver Thursday night.

William Barnes will soon erect a storehouse at this place.

Mr. Ed Carroll, a respectable citizen, of near Mannington, died last week. Mr. Carroll was born in Ireland about sixty-five years ago and was a soldier in the late rebellion.

Obe Boyce, who has been on the sick list for some time, is no better.

Mr. Charley Owens, of Madisonville, was in our town one day this week.

Edgar Lyell, of White Plains, will move his family to the Wm. Thomas farm, near this place, in the near future.

Will Dillingham will move his family to this place in the near future.

Mrs. John Whittaker is visiting relatives in the country this week.

P. Bailey Monk was in Madisonville one day last week.

The infant of Mr. and Mrs. Arch Browning was buried at New Salem Monday.

Foley's Honey and Tar always stops the cough and heals the lungs. Sold by John N. Taylor.

Will Keep Boards. Mrs. Coombs has opened up a first class boarding house in her residence and is now prepared to keep boarders at the prevailing prices.

# THE DORF'S

## BLACK-DRAUGHT

### THE ORIGINAL LIVER MEDICINE

A yellow complexion, dizziness, biliousness and a coated tongue are common indications of liver and kidney diseases. Stomach and bowel troubles, severe as they are, give immediate warning by pain, but liver and kidney troubles, though less painful at the start, are much harder to cure. Theodor's Black-Draught never fails to bring a fit diseased liver and weakened kidneys. It stirs up the torpid liver to throw off the general liver and bile. It is a certain preventive of cholera and Bright's disease of the kidneys. With kidneys reinforced by Theodor's Black-Draught thousands of persons have been freed from the most distressing liver fever. Many families live in perfect health and vigor because of their habit of taking Theodor's Black-Draught. It is always on hand for use in an emergency and costs many expensive calls of a doctor.

Mullins, S. C., March 10, 1901. I have used Theodor's Black-Draught for three years and have not had to go to a doctor since I have been taking it. It is the best medicine I have ever used on the market for liver and kidney troubles and dyspepsia and other complaints. Wm. A. G. Lewis.

## NEBO NOTES.

The election passed off very quietly. Stanley carried the two precincts by a plurality of six votes. A small vote was cast.

Farmers are very busy getting in the winter supply of coal, gathering corn and burning plant ground.

W. D. Rutherford, of the L. & N., came down Tuesday night to attend church and see his "mamma."

Sam Langley is attending church at Nebo this week.

W. D. Coll has loaded two cars with coal this week.

Elmer Moore is conducting an interesting meeting at the Christian church this week. Much interest is being manifested.

Mrs. Maile Miller, of Stanhope, spent several days at the bedside of her sister, Mrs. R. S. Hill.

Mrs. Mary McLaw and Mrs. Sallie Thompson, of Lismar, visited in Nebo Saturday night and Sunday.

M. P. Winstead made a flying trip to Dixon Sunday.

Rev. Rogers preached on the street in Nebo election day. He had an attentive audience, and prosed a good sermon.

Elmer Moore administered baptism to six candidates Tuesday evening.

Some interest is being shown in regard to coal in Nebo, two six foot stratas having been discovered.

W. D. Coll is boring for coal on the farm of Mr. Jno. Ramsey, about one mile from here.

A great deal of timber is being shipped from here.

Minos Cox, who had about recovered from the typhoid fever, has relapsed and has been quite sick, but is better.

Mrs. N. L. Day is improving.

Since farmers have commenced gathering corn, they report the crop as much better than was expected.

Tobacco buyers are quiet.

Yentman Johnson, who has been listing the property in this district, has about completed his work.

Wheat is up and looking well.

Mr. Jas. Durham, our worthy postmaster, had the misfortune to fall and from some unexplained reason cut one of his fingers nearly off. He grunted worse than a steam engine, and has been as cross as a bear with a sore head ever since.

The Rev. Downs succeeded in capturing the largest hawk we ever saw. He was a whopper.

We understand that Mr. George Endaley has bought a fine farm in Muhlenburg county, adjoining the Black Lake, and will engage in raising frogs.

Some little excitement was caused by the strange actions of a dog, but it passed away and was hurt or bit.

BIG INDIAN.

A Policeman's Testimony. J. N. Patterson, night policeman of Nashville, Tenn., writes: "Last winter I had a bad cold on my lungs and tried at least half a dozen advertised cough medicines and had no relief from two physicians without getting any benefit. A friend recommended Foley's Honey and Tar and I took a bottle cured me. I consider it the greatest cough and lung medicine the world."

Sold by John N. Taylor.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. For itching scalp, dandruff, and all hair troubles. It is the only hair balm that will grow the hair and keep it from falling out. Sold by John N. Taylor.



# Profitable News for Earnest Seekers of Real Values

<b>McCall's Patterns.</b> Easy to work, Satisfaction and Fit guaranteed. Prices, 10 and 15c. No Higher. . . . .	<b>New Ziballines.</b> Every color for suits, coats or separate skirts. Prices from . . . . .40c to \$1.50 yd	<b>Fascinators.</b> A full, new line of Shetland Floss Shawls in all colors, and the new Opera Shawl from . . . . .25c to \$1.50	<b>Ladies' Shoes.</b> The best shoes, with more style and better make than any shoe in the world. At . . . . . \$1.50 per pr.	<b>Monte Carlos.</b> The new cloak fad, from the \$7.50 Oxford to the finest \$25.00 Kentucky with capes and plaits. See this line.	<b>More Suits.</b> Our line of High Grade Goods from \$11.50 to \$17.50 this season will outshine more than one half of the tailor's best efforts.
<b>Flannel Waistings.</b> From the best mills making these cloths. Prices from 5c to 12 1/2c. Best of Patterns.	<b>Outing Cloths.</b> From the best mills making these cloths. Prices from 5c to 12 1/2c. Best of Patterns.	<b>Silk Shawls.</b> Just received, a shipment of the New thing in all shawls. Prices \$2 to \$4 each. Come and see them.	<b>Ladies' Shoes.</b> In the celebrated Drew-Selby line for street and dress use. Every pair is guaranteed to give satisfaction. . . . . \$2.00 to \$3.50.	<b>Furs.</b> Everything tends to the fur scarf this season. Before buying see our immense line of them.	<b>Overcoats.</b> The season is not far off when you will need this garment constantly. Why not let us show you now while the line is complete.
<b>Silk Striped Chailies.</b> In waist goods, all new shades and splendid material, to close at . . . . .30c yd	<b>Corsets.</b> A good 48c Corset, in all sizes, three different shapes, white only, at 25c	<b>Golf Gloves.</b> This season's latest patterns. All imported goods, . . . . .25 and 50c	<b>Ladies' Underskirts.</b> A fine selection of Ladies' Black Mercerized Underskirts, elegantly made. From . . . . . \$1.00 to \$3.50.	<b>Clothing.</b> None better. Few so good as our line this season. Come and see. We can give you bargains.	<b>Men's Hats.</b> This line is always up to the standard and we invite competition to meet our styles and prices.
<b>Wool Venetians.</b> Suitable for dresses, in all the best colors and the best of goods, only 48c yd	<b>Kid Gloves.</b> In all the staple shades as well as all the light colors for evening wear. . . . .75c	<b>Skirts.</b> Ready-to-wear, prices in every style, kind, price and make; every one is made extra well and at very low prices.	<b>Ladies' Cloaks.</b> From the cheapest \$8.50 Kersays to the best that are to be had, at great money saving prices.	<b>Men's Suits.</b> We show this season the strongest line in America in every weave and style at a \$10 note.	<b>Underwear.</b> Every kind of a garment that man may want can be had here. We carry all colors at the following prices, 25, 50, 75, \$1.00 and \$1.50 for garment.

MORRIS KOHLMAN, Mgr.

## GRAND LEADER.

Madisonville, Kentucky.

### Pine feathers are apt to make short-lived birds.

—Chicago Daily News.

The smaller the caliber of mind, the greater the bore of a perpetually open mouth. —O. W. Holmes.

Howse—"What is the best way to keep your friends? Treat them kindly." Comose—"No, often—Town and Country."

It Makes a Difference—"Is he extravagant?" they asked. "Not at all," she replied. "But he spends all he makes." "They argue the same," she admitted, "but he spends it on me." —Chicago Post.

"She is such a talkative girl that even her teeth chatter when she is told," said Mabel. "And you can't believe them any more than you can believe her," added Amy. "For they are false." —Detroit Free Press.

Driver—"Did you mark the spot where your comrade fell out of the boat and was drowned?" "Of course," "Shure, Ol' did. Ol' took a piece of wood an' left it floatin' on 'th' water at 'th' very place he went down, so." —Ohio State Journal.

"Gents," said the clerk of the summer hotel, "you're making too much noise. Mr. Loughlin, the guest in the next room, and he says he can't write." "That so?" replied one of the roomers, "tell him everybody knows that." —Philadelphia Press.

Afraid to Do It—"I suppose you have thoroughly investigated the conditions of which you are treating, in your book," remarked the friend. "No," replied the literary woman who had undertaken a great work. "You see, I'm afraid an investigation will interfere with some of the beautiful theories I have evolved." —Chicago Post.

### THE SCHOOLS OF RUSSIA.

Poor Accommodations for the Public in Town and Country, and Hard on the Leaders.

While children in America are provided with comfortable public schools, young Russians have the poorest of accommodations even if the best of official report about the school system in Russia did conceal a part of that system. The worst aspect of the school organization of the public instruction was ordered a few months ago by the imperial government, and numerous commissions, headed by the emperor, were appointed. Their work of investigation was relatively easy when it referred to schools situated in towns, but it became a difficult task when it reached the steppe, the forests or the swamps. Still, some persons devoted to the cause of popular instruction, especially M. Ponomareff, have undertaken journeys more fatiguing than explorations in Tibet or Patagonia, reports a London paper.

The report of M. Ponomareff in effect is that in Russian villages the shepherd is happier than the teacher, and the latter happier than the female teacher. The moujik considers the teacher a man who lives his life, and he pays him less than the shepherd. When snow has fallen and the boys are without anything to do, he is unable on account of the winter to be of help to their parents, the latter think of their education. An "out-chit" or schoolmaster, is hired by the villagers, who agree to feed and to pay him. The price varies from 10 to 20 rubles (\$9 to \$16) for the whole year, which is very long in Russia. As to the food, it is not so good as that of the shepherd; each family whose children frequent the school feeds in its turn the schoolmaster. The school building is a miserable hut, often where pigs, hens and cows are fed and where the schoolmaster sleeps. The teacher to keep his school clean, says M. Ponomareff in his official report, "There is no ventilation; at the approach of cold the windows of the windows are hermetically closed with clay or glazier's putty. The moujik cannot afford to open the windows, for he is open in winter time. In regard to the heating, it is quite primitive. Each school is bound to bring some pieces of wood to heat the school. The teacher is freezing too hard the pupils do not come, and the teacher, being compelled to remain until the next day, sits in his lonely room, and stays motionless in a corner of the "skata," or school hut.

Such is the custom in poor villages. In the rich villages the schoolmaster, instead of being a martyr, becomes a tyrant. He strikes the pupils brutally, tears off their ears and pulls their hair and breaks their teeth, for he is almost continually drunk. The official report instances many cases in which the children were violently thrown on the ground and bruised by the teacher's feet to such a point that blood gushed out of the ears and nostrils for months. But what is most extraordinary, says M. Ponomareff, is that these cruel schoolmasters are in the task of teaching to the best scholars. These are called "the first group," or "the professors," and they are not above right or wrong or even in the task of teaching their little comrades the schoolmaster sits down to drink in the evening.

The St. Petersburg correspondence, which gives this summary of Ponomareff's report, says that on receiving it the minister of education immediately sent numerous commissioners to run over, inconspicuously, every part of Russia at the approach of the winter, with a mission to remedy the evil and punish the culprit.

Officials are held to be guilty before the Son of Heaven for blood, drought, famine, fires and other natural calamities—see Post.

### ANNUAL PENSION REPORT.

Commissioner Ware Makes Public a Report of the Transactions of the Pension Bureau.

Washington, Sept. 29.—The annual report of the commissioner of pensions, which was made public Saturday, shows that the number of names on the pension rolls still is under the million mark, despite a net gain of 57,343 pensioners since 1905. The total enrollment July 1 last was 999,416, against 977,735 last year. The total comprised 728,800 soldiers and 270,616 widows and dependents.

The aggregate includes 4,695 pensioners outside of the United States. The number of deaths notices of old soldiers, not in the service, received by the bureau during the year was 30,124, but only 27,043 of them were pensioners.

The report says that the death rate among the pensioners for the coming year will show about forty thousand, and the losses to the rolls from other causes will be about six thousand. The total amount paid for pensions during the past year was \$137,991,268, and the yearly cost of operating and maintaining the bureau and agencies outside of the payment of pensions, aggregates \$2,260,329.

The pension system, says the report, since the beginning of the government, has cost the country \$2,025,599,019, exclusive of the establishment of the soldiers' homes. The pension disbursements by the United States from 1789, to June 30, 1865, were \$96,445,444.

The following amounts have been paid to soldiers, their widows, minor children and dependent relatives on account of military and naval service during the wars in which the United States has been engaged:

Revolutionary war (estimated), \$70,000,000.

War of 1812 (on account of service without regard to disability), \$4,025,297.

Indian wars, 1832-1842 (on account of service, without regard to disability), \$1,814,805.

War of the rebellion, \$2,744,578,276.

War with Spain, \$3,275,184.

Actual total disbursement in pensions, \$29,860,554.26.

The amounts paid as pensions on account of disabilities and deaths as results of military and naval service during the wars of 1812, and with Mexico, and in time of peace, to the beginning of the war with Spain, are included in the payments on account of the war of the rebellion.

ST. LOUIS LIGHTING SCANDAL.

Brokers Campbell Called Upon to Produce Two Incriminating Checks in Court.

St. Louis, Sept. 27.—Judge Douglas issued a subpoena duces tecum Friday afternoon for Brokers James Campbell commencing him to bring into court two checks aggregating \$47,500, dated November 23, 1906, payable to Ed. Butler. The checks were cashed at the Merchants' Laclede national bank and returned later to Campbell.

A second subpoena of the same nature was issued to William Reed, who is Campbell's cashier. Broker Campbell is out of the city.

One check is for \$27,500, the other for \$20,000.

The checks were drawn on a St. day party, \$47,500, had been distributed by the house of delegates and passed several days prior to the famous "party" at the home of John L. Lehmann.

John K. Murrell stated on his return from Mexico that at the "party" \$47,500, had been distributed by Charles F. Kelly to the house combine, numbering 19 members, each receiving \$2,500.

Subscribe for The Bee.

### FEMININE FASHIONS.

Hats, Bodices and Wraps That Will Be in Evidence During the Fall Season.

Rough felt and beaver hats are evidently to be popular this fall, and long, sweeping ostrich plumes, crests, tips, quills, and smartly set wings appear upon hats designed for various autumn wear.

Beris, Venice point in applique effects, borderings, Yankies, insertions, and special designs for the bodice and sleeves are favored by French tailors in making visiting and dinner-dresses of white, fawn-colored, violet, opal-gray and sage-green cloth. Other beautiful gowns for both afternoon and evening functions are made of silky white mohair decorated with white silk ruchings and white silk passementerie, sometimes put on in the form of insertions or in pedallion effects, the goods cut away beneath each motif, or again, very handsome are beque designs are laid over bands of black velvet ribbon. In this case the seams are ratched with black elastic of white silk. Another style of decoration is a combination of pale blue, blue chiffon, black velvet choux, and English embroidery on gowns of white cloth crepe de Chine, or silk warp robe.

Ultra-fashionable young women, tiring of the universal style of wearing the flat, round bertha or collar of tucked batiste edged with embroidery or lace, are searching for some new styles in starched linen to wear with the blouses of this plique Holland, and linen lawn costumes. Some are in Byron fashion, others are pointed, scalloped, and brier stitched, and again are worn the severe, round flat shape such as small boys wear with their little cloth jackets, say the New York Post.

The long Empire cloaks and redingotes with loose fronts will greatly help the light gowns to be worn next season, if they are not quite so rare as the gowns they replace. Many of them are made of the delicate bluish, fawn and pearl shades—almost white—but the slight difference in color or brown given to them seems to make all the necessary difference between a street garment and an evening cloak. The popularity of white tailor costumes and light or white wraps will bring white furs into prominence again for evening wear.

Velvet in every form and color will be very prominent this winter, both for trimming and for gowns, for capes, coats and redingotes. Silk embroidery and heavy gimp lace, outlined with costly dark fur, will form the choice decorations. English tailors are already using a great deal of corduroy and mirror velvet, claiming that they do not crush like plain velvet. The fancy velvets for trimming are beautiful in coloring, and they are combined with satin-faced cloths, light woods and silks, which in rich monochromes are to be used for entire gowns. Handsome silks, brocaded with velvet, are shown at waistcoats as one of the novel materials for that purpose. Brocade, tulle and dotted velvets will still be used for separate waists, also pea de cygne, satin, tulle, taffeta, and crepe de Chine—all of which are handsomely made. Other fabrics used for waists are the fancy black and white silks and satins and doekin flannel or cashmere, decorated with Persian embroideries or tucks and a profusion of tiny French knots. Pale blue, mauve, gold, green and black is the combination in color of the embroidery on the front of a white cashmere waist model, which fastens at the back with flat gold buttons. The sleeves have a deep, brocaded cuff, and the fine French hand decoration is exquisitely done.

Locusts have made their appearance in the Philippine islands and threaten to ruin vegetation.

### MORTONS GAP ITEMS.

F. B. Harris and John T. Davis were in Earlington Tuesday on business.

Messadmes Ben F. Robinson and Roy Jones and Miss Urie Oates were in Earlington Tuesday.

Miss Roxie Silk visited in Madisonville Tuesday.

Mrs. E. T. Almon was in Madisonville shopping Tuesday.

Dr. Kimmons made a professional call at Nortonville Wednesday.

S. W. Grasty visited his mother Wednesday.

K. D. Rodgers has purchased the lively stable belonging to S. A. Franklin & Son.

George M. Davis was in Madisonville Tuesday.

S. A. Franklin and K. D. Rodgers were in Madisonville Saturday.

Mrs. Elvira Whitford and daughter visited in Morton Gap last week.

Mrs. Lige Robinson and Minnie McLeVaine, of Barsley, were here Friday.

Robert Sisk, of Nortonville, was in town Saturday.

Tom Kimmons went to Marion Tuesday and entered the foot race, the best runner to get a lot. Sixty entered the contest and Tom was a close second.

Boyd Gatlin and wife, of Madisonville, visited the family of Dr. E. T. Almon last week.

Rev. Hopewell filled his regular appointment at the Baptist church Sunday morning and evening.

Miss Stella Blanks was baptized Sunday afternoon. May she true to her master and walk worthy of the vocation whereunto she is called and lead an influence that will rebound to his honor and glory.

Little Ina Duke died Saturday evening at 7:30. She was buried at Concord Sunday afternoon. She had that dreadful disease, membranous croup, and was sick only a short time. She was a bright and lovely child of five summers and beloved by all who knew her. The parents have the sympathy of the people of this community. Weep not, dear parents, for she is at peace with her Maker and awaits your coming on the resurrection morn.

Tom Warren, Tom McLeVaine and Taylor Stokes, of Barsley, were in town Sunday.

Ray Jones and son were in Madisonville Friday.

Harlan Rich has gone to Greenville to work.

Reel Blanks, of Madisonville, was here Monday.

T. G. Cobb has sold his interest in the stock of groceries owned by Cobb & Burns to J. B. Durham, who will continue his business.

John Carroll was here Sunday to see his best girl.

Wm. Kimmons had important business Sunday. It took him so long to transact it that his horse got tired of waiting and came off and left him.

Mrs. Mack Edwards and boys were in town Monday.

Frank Budd and wife and Hess Jones and wife visited the family of Roy Jones Sunday.

Paul Moore and family were in town Monday.

### SUGGESTIONS FOR HOUSEWIFE.

A Budget of Domestic Brevities Which May Contain Something of Value.

When washing flannels shake and brush them thoroughly before plunging into the water, as this removes the dirt in a more satisfactory manner and keeps the flannels white, says the Chicago Daily News.

It is always advisable to let ornaments be few and good. Don't crowd shelves and tables with objects of no use or value or beauty which only serve to take up space, accumulate dust and irritate the eye.

Loops for hanging up garments are continually breaking. A serviceable loop is made by cutting a piece of kid from an old glove, rolling it in a piece of coarse string and sewing the edges of the kid closely together.

Iron frames and other metal furniture may be preserved and kept bright when out of use by painting with a thick paste of fresh lime water. Use a fine brush to smear the lime as thickly as possible over all polished surfaces. Even if a house be closed the iron work will be safe without further attention.

The demand for the severely simple style of furniture is increasing. Dutch, mission and arts and crafts, is not purely a local one, although different places have different variations. Word comes from Glasgow, Scotland that one manufacturer there is going as far in his efforts as good taste will permit. For instance, one of the most recent efforts was a suite stained in a violet tone inlaid with pewter.

The proper care of bedding should enter into the domestic routine of every daughter of the household, for it is one of the essentials of health, as well as showing the character of the housewife. For, as the saying is, a clean and a woman's ideas of neatness and cleanliness than the care with which her bed paraphernalia is attended to and the everyday appearance of her chambers? When a mattress is new in should be encased in a cover of unbleached sheeting which should be removed and washed once a year. This keeps the dust from the mattress cover. For covers which have been soiled and washed once a year. This keeps the dust from the mattress cover. For covers which have been soiled and washed once a year.

A carpet should be thoroughly swept as often as once a week whether the room is used or not. Sprinkle damp salt over it and use a good broom, sweeping with quick, firm strokes. Some housewives prefer tea leaves and carefully save them after the tea is poured off until sweeping day. Either one will collect the dust, leaving the carpet clean and fresh looking. If grease is spilled upon a carpet beat enough time to cover it, spread it over the place to the depth of an inch and set a hot iron or two on the brand. The heat drives the grease out and the brand absorbs it. One application is usually enough, but if any grease remains sweep the brand off and apply a fresh coating. Ink stains may usually be removed if treated as soon as the ink is spilled. Take a large, coarse sponge and take up all the ink it will absorb. Wash the sponge, pour sweet milk on the spot and dry with a sponge as often as necessary to remove every trace of ink. Then wash the place with clean soda, rinse thoroughly and wash as dry as possible. Every trace of ink will be gone when the carpet is dry. Blotting paper may be used to absorb the ink if the sponge is not at hand and the carpet washed with a soft cloth.

There is no couch medicine so popular as Foley's Honey and Tar. It contains no opiates or poisons and never fails to cure. Sold by John X. Taylor.

Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs and colds: reliable, tried and tested, safe and sure. Sold by John X. Taylor.

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### NEWS FOR Colored People

By Rev. H. H. GOSLIN.

#### MORTONS GAP.

In Memory of Sallie Grady.

How blest the righteous when they die,  
When sinks the weary soul to rest;  
How mildly beams the closing eye,  
How gently heaves the expiring breast.

Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God to take from us this, our pupil, schoolmate and daughter, whose sudden demise has cast a gloom over our school and caused us the most profound sorrow and unfeigned grief, which attend the death of every patient and obedient child of life. Sallie's life was like the flowers of early spring, which spring up and begin to burst forth into full grown blossoms. When the reaper cometh forth upon the field and reaps the moonlit sun beameth full upon her beauty she is cut down and withereth away. Sallie Grady's life was a model one, of high moral principles. She was always the same at home and abroad, always obedient, always patient, always kind, always prepared for her work, always on time. With the same sweet smile she greeted every one, carrying sunshine wherever she went. She was a devoted daughter, an affectionate sister and a loyal friend to all around her. In conversation her words were few but well chosen.

"None knew her but to love her,  
None named her but to praise."

Therefore, be it Resolved, That we consider with deepest interest her praiseworthy life and emulate the good found therein, following in the footsteps of Him, as she has done before us.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the loved and bereaved parents and friends and feel deeply their loss and that we commend them to the love and solace of Him who doeth all things well.

Resolved, That we send a copy of these resolutions of this high and model life to the family and a copy to the Earlington Bee for publication.

Committee—  
MRS. CORNELIA S. STEEL, Teacher.  
IDA SHARBER,  
MINNIE DICKERSON, Pupils.  
LIZZIE HAMILTON,  
MARY NANCE.

Rev. Wm. Dickerson will be with us for awhile conducting a revival.

Richard Townsell will bring the remains of his infant daughter here for burial.

Louis Clements and wife were in Madisonville Monday.

Joseph Cheatham, who has been confined to his home for some time, is reported no better.

Messadmes Mary Hamilton and L. Brewer are convalescing.

Our school is going on nicely. Good attendance and parents are well pleased.

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